



## FULL ELASTICITY OF SEMI-GROUP RINGS

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**Abstract of Talk:** In a commutative, cancellative, atomic monoid  $M$ , the elasticity of a non-unit  $x$  is defined to be  $\rho(x) = L(x)/l(x)$ , where  $L(x)$  is the length of the longest factorization of  $x$  into irreducibles and  $l(x)$  is the length of the shortest. We define  $\mathcal{R}(M) = \{\rho(x) \mid x \in M^\bullet\}$ , where  $M^\bullet$  is the set of nonzero non-units of  $M$ , and the elasticity  $\rho(M)$  of the integral domain as  $\sup \mathcal{R}(M)$ . We say that  $M$  has full elasticity if  $\mathcal{R}(M) = [1, \rho(M)] \cap \mathbb{Q}$ . This talk will examine sufficient conditions to show that a monoid  $M$  has full elasticity. In particular, for a certain class of submonoids,  $K[x; S]$ , of the multiplicative monoid of the polynomial ring  $K[x]$ , it can be shown to be fully elastic when  $K$  is a finite field.