

## PROBLEMS FOR THE NILPOTENT GROUPS CLASS

- (1) **(E)** For a  $\Gamma$  be a finitely generated nilpotent group, show that  $\Gamma^{(i)} \triangleleft \Gamma^{(i-1)}$ , that  $\Gamma^{(i)} \triangleleft \Gamma$ . Also show that  $\Gamma$  is polycyclic (and hence solvable).
- (2) (a) **(E)** Show that every element of  $H_3$  can be written as  $a^l b^m c^n$  for some  $l, m, n \in \mathbb{Z}$ .  
 (b) **(E)** Show that the two descriptions of  $H_3$  are in fact isomorphic.
- (3) **(M)** Let  $\Gamma$  be nilpotent of class  $k$ . Then  $\Gamma^{(k)}$  is in the center of  $\Gamma$ . Is  $\Gamma^{(k)}$  equal to the center?
- (4) (a) **(E)** Describe how to construct the Cayley graph of  $H_3$  starting with the integer points in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .  
 (b) **(E)** Complete the argument that the Dehn function of  $H_3$  is bounded below by a function  $\simeq n^3$   
 (c) **(E)** Show that every word of length  $n$  in the generators which represents the identity in  $H_3$  can be expressed as a product of conjugates of at most  $n^3$  relators. (This is just a more careful version of 2a)  
 Note that (b) and (c) show that the Dehn function of  $H_3$  is  $\simeq n^3$
- (5) **(E/M)** Let  $G$  be a simply connected nilpotent Lie group with Lie algebra  $\mathfrak{g}$ . Show that the map  $\varphi : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow G$  defined by

$$\varphi(s_1, \dots, s_n) = \exp(s_1 X_1) \cdots \exp(s_n X_n) \quad (\text{i.e. the product in } G \text{ of the } s_i X_i)$$

is a polynomial coordinate map.

Use the following:

Given any Lie group  $G$  with  $\exp : \mathfrak{g} \rightarrow G$ , define  $X * Y := \log(\exp X \cdot \exp Y)$ . (It is well defined near  $X = Y = 0$ ). The Baker-Campbell-Hausdorff formula says:

$$X * Y = X + Y + \frac{1}{2}[X, Y] + \frac{1}{12}[X, [X, Y]] - \frac{1}{12}[Y, [X, Y]] + \text{comms in } \geq 4 \text{ terms}$$

For nilpotent Lie groups  $\exp$  is a diffeomorphism and the Baker-Campbell-Hausdorff formula holds for all  $X, Y$  in  $\mathfrak{g}$ .

(continued)

- (6) (a) **(E)** Use the Ball-Box Theorem to show that for a simply connected nilpotent Lie group with a polynomial coordinate map, we have

$$\|(s_1, \dots, s_n)\|_G \sim \max\{|s_i|^{1/w_i}\},$$

where  $w_i$  is the weight of the  $i$ th basis vector. (Say  $f \sim g$  if there exists  $C$  such that  $(1/C)f(n) \leq g(n) \leq Cf(n)$  for all  $n$ .)

- (b) **(H)** Show that if  $H$  is a Lie subgroup of  $G$ , then

$$\text{distortion}_{H}^G(r) \simeq r^d, \text{ where } d = \max_{h \in H} \frac{w_G(h)}{w_H(h)}$$

(Here  $w_G$  and  $w_H$  denote the weights of  $h$  in  $G$  and  $H$  respectively.)

Remark: This is a result of Osin, but he doesn't use the Ball-Box Theorem to prove it.

- (7) (a) **(E)** Let  $F$  be the free group on  $n$  generators. Show that  $F_{n,k} = F/F^{(k+1)}$  is nilpotent of class  $k$ . This is the *free nilpotent group of class  $k$  with  $n$  generators*.  
 (b) **(E)** Show that every nilpotent group is a quotient of some free nilpotent group.  
 (c) **(M)** Show that  $H_3$  is a free nilpotent group.  
 (d) **(?)** Embed  $F_{n,k}$  in  $T_m$  for some  $m$ .

- (8) **(O)** Is the Dehn function of a finitely generated nilpotent group  $\simeq$  a polynomial?